

27-1

Function $f: D \rightarrow R$

Call f with something "like" D but not exactly

$f: \text{Animal} \Rightarrow \text{number}$ (weight)

$f(\text{cats})$ $f(\text{dogs})$ $\text{Cat} \in \text{Ty}$ $\text{Dog} \in \text{Ty}$

$T = \langle B, \perp, 0, T \rightarrow T, T + T, T \times T, \mu A, T \rangle$
 $\langle \exists A, T, \forall A, T, \exists A, T \rangle$

→ representation of Animal

$f: \forall A. \overline{\text{num} \times A} \Rightarrow \text{num}$

$\text{Animal} := \text{num} \times \exists A, A$

shared behavior
Animal := $\forall A. \text{num} \times A$ ← specific

Cat := $\text{num} \times \text{str}$

Dog := $\text{num} \times \text{num}$

Add "Records" to the language

$M := \dots \mid \langle L = M, \dots \rangle \mid M.L$

$L := \text{some set (disjoint from } X \text{ and } A)$

$V := \dots \mid \langle L = V, \dots \rangle$

$E := \dots \mid \langle L = V, \dots, L = E, L = M, \dots \rangle$

$E[\langle L_0 = V_0, \dots, L_i = V_i, \dots, L_n = V_n \rangle, Li] \Rightarrow E[V_i]$

$T := \dots \mid \langle L = T, \dots \rangle$

$\Gamma \vdash M_0 : T_0 \quad \dots \quad \Gamma \vdash M_n : T_n$

$\Gamma \vdash \langle L_0 = M_0, \dots, L_n = M_n \rangle : \langle L_0 : T_0, \dots, L_n : T_n \rangle$

$\Gamma \vdash M : \langle L_0 : T_0, \dots, L_i : T_i, \dots, L_n : T_n \rangle$

$\langle x : \text{num}, y : \text{num} \rangle$

$\Gamma \vdash M.L_i : T_i$

$\langle x : \text{num}, y : \text{num}, z : \text{num} \rangle$

17-2 / Distance Along X : $\langle x: num \rangle \rightarrow num$

Project to 2d : $\langle x: num, y: num \rangle \rightarrow \langle x: num, y: num \rangle$
 $= \lambda p. \langle x=p.x, y=p.y \rangle$

Subtyping Relation : $T \leq T$

$\langle L_0: T_0, \dots, L_n: T_n \rangle \leq \langle L'_0: T'_0, \dots, L'_m: T'_m \rangle$
 if $\{L'_0: T'_0, \dots, L'_m: T'_m\} \subseteq \{L_0: T_0, \dots, L_n: T_n\}$

$\langle x: num, y: num, z: num \rangle \leq \langle x: num \rangle$

$\Gamma \vdash M: D \rightarrow R$ $\Gamma \vdash N: D'$ $D' \leq D$ ^{new and} says "N is compatible"
 $\Gamma \vdash (M N): R$ old relation \leftrightarrow becomes our new relation \Leftarrow

$\Gamma \vdash D_1 \leftrightarrow D_2$ \leftrightarrow is an equiv (refl, trans, sym)
 $\Gamma \vdash R_1 \leftrightarrow R_2$ \Leftarrow is an partial order (refl, trans)

$\Gamma \vdash (D_1 \rightarrow R_1) \leftrightarrow (D_2 \rightarrow R_2)$

$\Gamma \vdash D_2 \leq D_1$
 $\Gamma \vdash R_1 \leq R_2$

$\Gamma \vdash (D_1 \rightarrow R_1) \leq (D_2 \rightarrow R_2)$

	$D_1 \text{ on } L$	$D_1 \text{ on } R$
$R_1 \text{ on } L$	$D_1 \leq R_2$	$D_2 \leq D_1$
	$R_1 \leq R_2$ ✗	$R_1 \leq R_2$ ✓
$R_1 \text{ on } R$	$D_1 \leq D_2$	$D_2 \leq D_1$
	$R_2 \leq R_1$ ✗	$R_2 \leq R_1$ ✗

$(Animal \rightarrow Animal) \leq (Cat \rightarrow Cat)$? ✗ $Animal \leq Cat$? ✗

let $f := \dots$ in $Cat \leq Animal$? ✓

$(f \text{ garfield}), \text{meow}()$

$(Animal \rightarrow Cat) \leq (Cat \rightarrow Animal)$? ✓ Liskov Substitution Principle

$(f \text{ garfield}), \text{feed}()$

(Barbara Liskov)

27-3/

$\langle p : \langle x:\text{num}, y:\text{num}, z:\text{num} \rangle, n:\text{str} \rangle, hp:\text{num} \rangle$
 $\leq \langle p : \langle x:\text{num}, y:\text{num} \rangle, n:\text{str} \rangle ?$

$\langle L_0:T_0, \dots, L_n:T_n \rangle \leq \langle L'_0:T'_0, \dots, L'_m:T'_m \rangle$
if $\{L'_0, \dots, L'_m\} \subseteq \{L_0, \dots, L_n\}$
and $(L_i = L'_j) \Rightarrow (T_j \leq T_i)$

Class C with methods $(m_i : D_i \rightarrow R_i)$
and fields $(F_j : T_j)$

$\langle m_i : \mathcal{O}_C \times D_i \rightarrow R_i, \dots \rangle = C$
 $\mathcal{O}_C = \exists A. A$ (internally: $\langle F_j : T_j, \dots \rangle$)

$f : \text{Animal} \rightarrow \text{num}$
 $\hookrightarrow := \langle m_i : \dots \rangle$

class Point { public int x,y } ; $f: \text{Point} \rightarrow \text{num}$
class Pointe { public int x,y } ; $f(\text{new Pointe}(5, 7)) ?$

JAVA + C++ use nominal subtyping
Go, Ocaml, Haskell use structural subtyping (so-called "duck" typing)

$T := \dots \mid \cancel{\forall A. T} \mid \forall A \leq T. T'$
variable $\leftarrow A$ $\leftarrow T$ $\leftarrow T'$

Java: class BinaryTree $\langle X \text{ implements Ordered} \rangle \{ \dots \}$

F-bound Polymorphism $\frac{\Gamma \vdash M : \forall A \leq F. T' \quad T \leq F}{\Gamma \vdash M[T] : T'[A \leftarrow T]}$

Dependent Types: $T := \dots \mid T \rightarrow T \mid (x:T) \rightarrow T \mid (P\ x)$
quicksort : $(l : \text{List num}) \rightarrow (\text{sorted version of } l)$ Coq, HOL
Isabelle, Agda, Idris,

