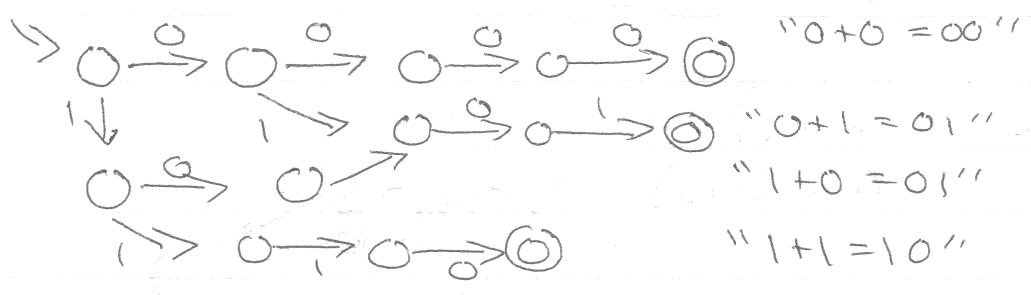


True add eqns: TAE

"3+3=6" ∈ TAE

"3+3=7" ∉ TAE

1 bit additions



Regular Expression = REX

"w ∈ Σ^* "

- \emptyset

- ϵ

- $c \in \Sigma$

- $r_0 \cup r_1$ (r_0 and $r_1 \in \text{REX}$)

($\Sigma = c_0 \cup c_1 \cup \dots \cup c_n$)

- $r_0 \circ r_1$

- r_0^*

[Sometimes $r_0 \cap r_1, r_0^R, r_0^C$]

L : spec \rightarrow set

$L(\emptyset) = \emptyset$ $L(\text{mtset}) = \emptyset$

$L(\epsilon) = \{ \epsilon \}$

$L(c) = \{ c \}$

$L(r_0 \cup r_1) = L(r_0) \cup L(r_1)$

$L(r_0 \circ r_1) = L(r_0) \circ L(r_1)$

$L(r_0^*) = L(r_0)^*$

C : REX \rightarrow ~~DFA~~ NFA \rightarrow DFA

6-21

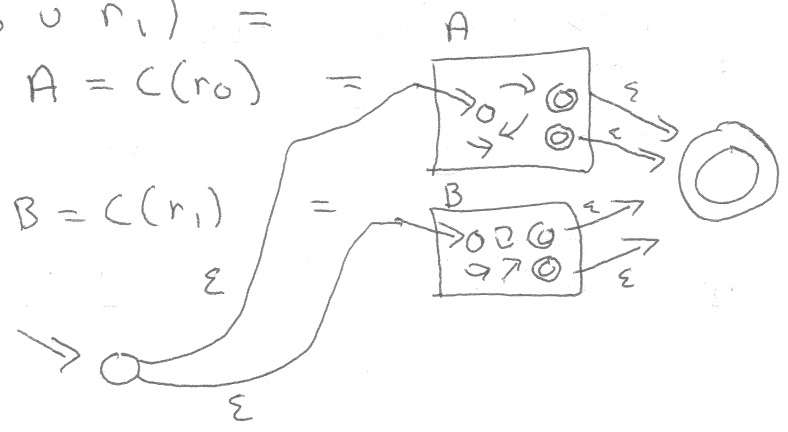
$C(\emptyset) = \rightarrow 0$

$C(c \in \Sigma) =$

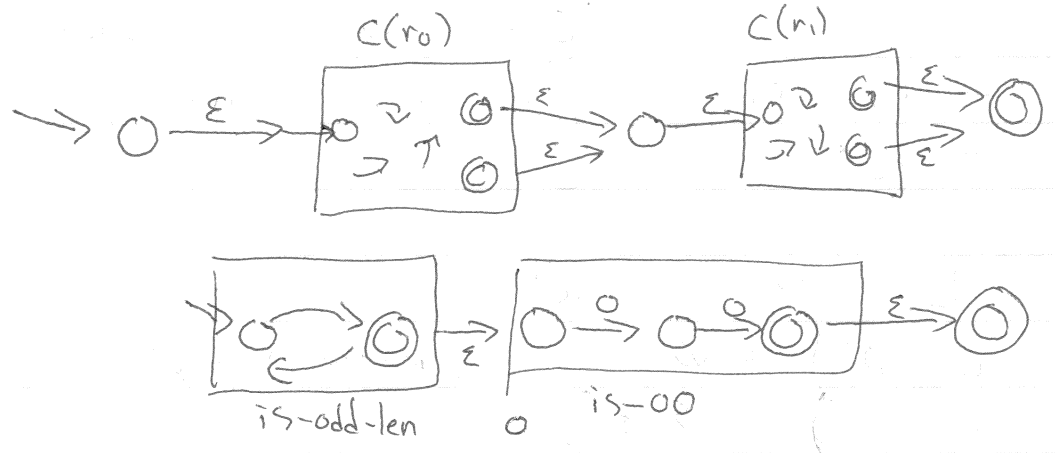


$C(\epsilon) = \rightarrow \odot$

$C(r_0 \cup r_1) =$

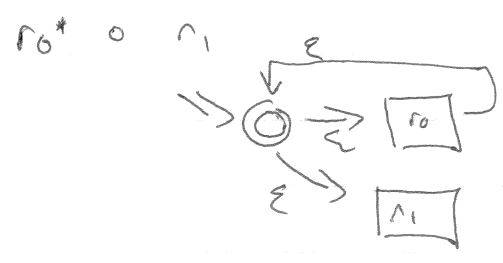
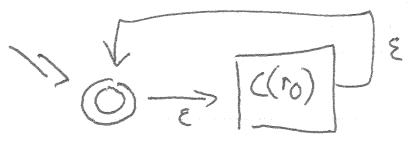


$C(r_0 \circ r_1) =$



$C(r_0^*) =$

$X^* = \epsilon \cup X \circ X^*$



6-3/

D : DFA \rightarrow REX

$$D(\rightarrow \textcircled{A} \rightleftarrows \textcircled{B}) = (\Sigma \Sigma)^* \Sigma$$

$$D[n] = \text{IN} \circ \text{RIP}^n \circ \text{OUT}$$

n-state

DFA (i.e. $n = |Q|$)

IN : n-DFA \rightarrow (n+2)-GNFA

RIP : (n+1)-GNFA \rightarrow n-GNFA

OUT : 2-GNFA \rightarrow REX

GNFA - a generalized NFA

$$= (Q, \Sigma, q_s, \Delta, q_e) \quad \left[\text{NOTICE: 1 final state} \right]$$

$q_s \in Q$ $q_e \in Q$

$$\Delta : (Q - q_e) \times (Q - q_s) \rightarrow \text{REX}$$

If $\Delta(q_i, q_u) = r$, then $\forall x \in L(r)$,
 $q_i \xrightarrow{x} q_u$ in the NFA

$$\text{IN} = d = (Q, \Sigma, q_0, \delta, F)$$

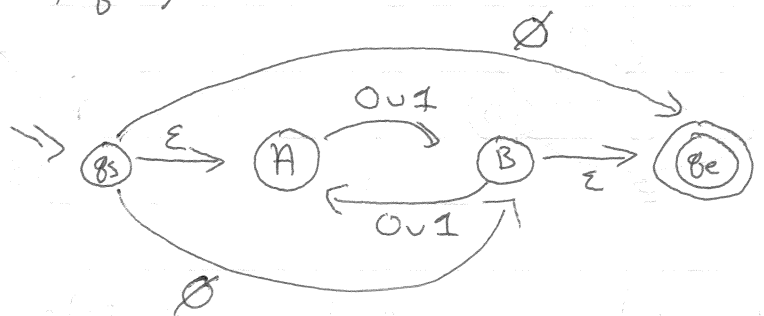
$$g = (Q', \Sigma, q'_s, \Delta', q'_e)$$

$$Q' = Q \cup \{q'_s, q'_e\}$$

$$\Delta'(q_i, q_u) = c \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \delta(q_i, c) = q_u$$

$$\Delta'(q'_s, q_0) = \epsilon$$

$$\Delta'(q_f \in F, q'_e) = \epsilon$$

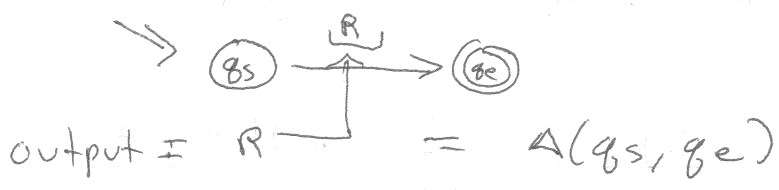


6-4/

OUT: 2-GNFA \rightarrow REX

$$g = (\{q_s, q_e\}, \Sigma, q_s, \Delta, q_e)$$

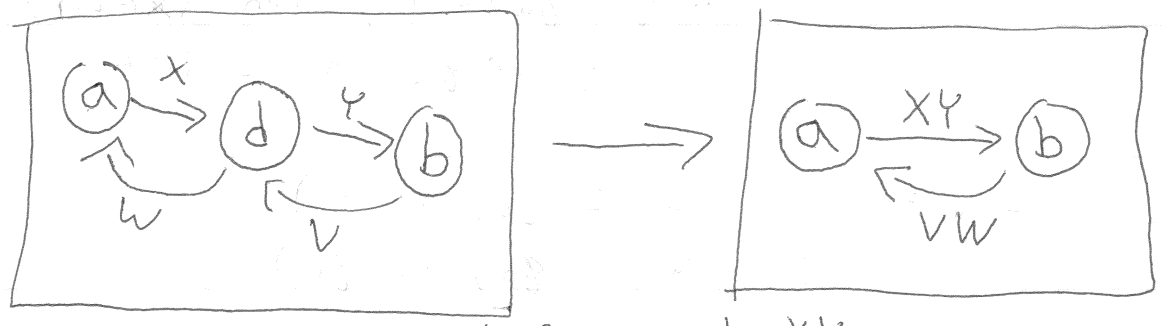
$$\Delta = \underbrace{(Q - q_e)}_{\{q_s\}} \times \underbrace{(Q - q_s)}_{\{q_e\}} \rightarrow \text{REX}$$



RIP: (n+1)-GNFA \rightarrow n-GNFA

in = $(Q, \Sigma, q_s, \Delta, q_e)$
 output = $(Q', \Sigma, q_s, \Delta', q_e)$

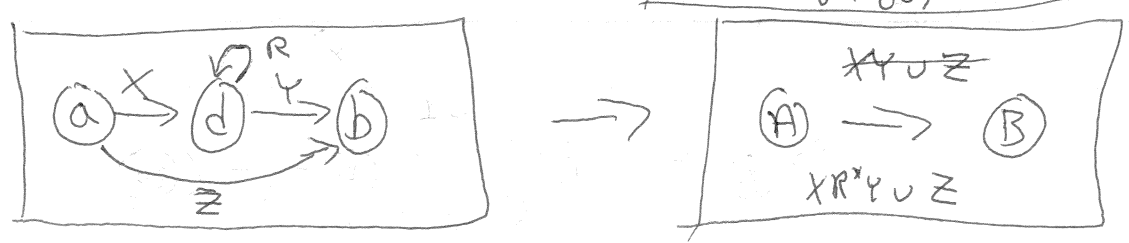
- pick q_d (d=dead) from Q (q_d is NOT q_s or q_e)
 i.e. $Q = Q' \cup \{q_d\}$
- update Δ into Δ' , while preserving language



we must figure out XY

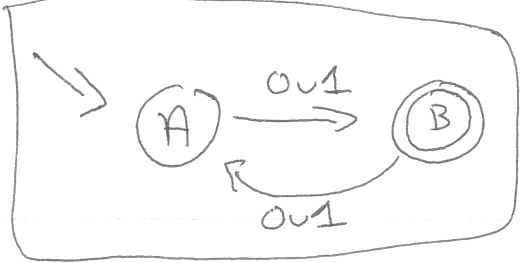
forall q_a, q_b

$$\Delta'(q_a, q_b) = \underbrace{\Delta(q_a, q_d)}_X \circ \underbrace{\Delta(q_d, q_b)}_Y \cup \Delta(q_a, q_b)$$

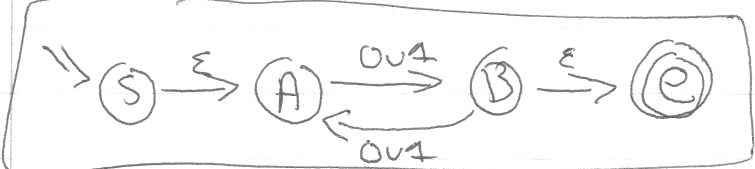


$$\Delta'(q_a, q_b) = \Delta(q_a, q_b) \cup \Delta(q_a, q_d) \circ \Delta(q_d, q_b)^* \circ \Delta(q_d, q_b)$$

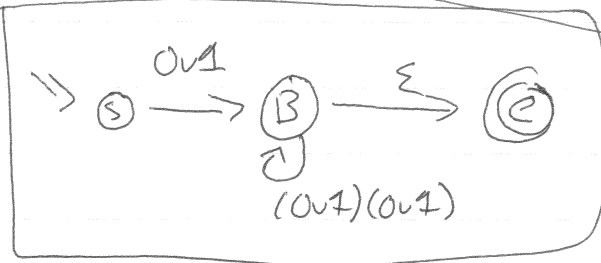
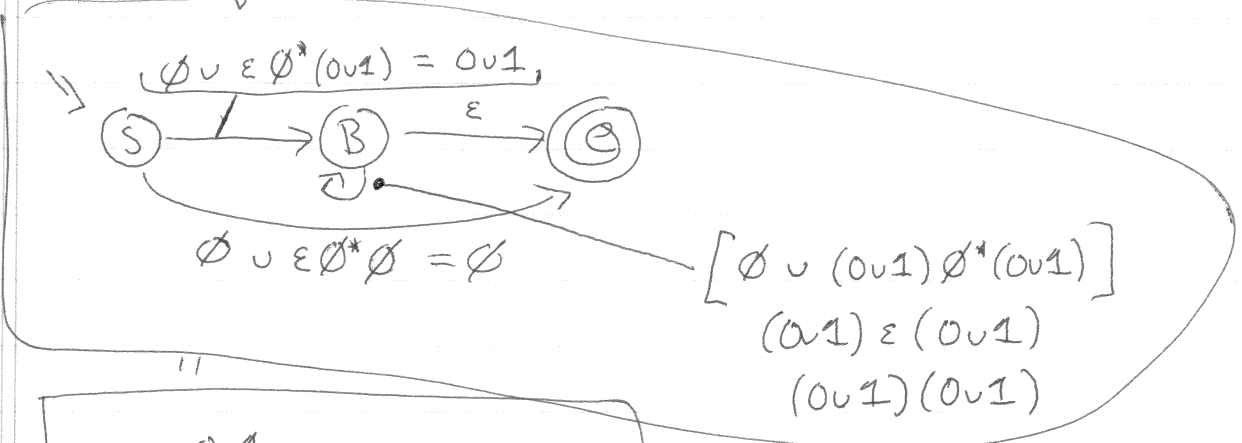
6-5



⇓ IN



⇓ RIP (d = a)



⇓ RIP (d = B)



$$\begin{aligned} & \emptyset \cup (0v1) ((a1)(0v1))^* \epsilon \\ & \quad \parallel \\ & (a1) ((0v1)(0v1))^* \\ & \quad \epsilon (\epsilon\epsilon)^* \end{aligned}$$

$$\emptyset \cup X = X$$

$$\emptyset^* = \epsilon$$

$$X\emptyset = \emptyset = \emptyset X$$

Algebra of Rex

$$\epsilon X = X = X\epsilon$$

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